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Correction: Lactic acid bacteria isolated from women' breast milk and infants' faeces have appreciable immunogenic and probiotic potentials against diarrheagenic *E. coli* strains

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Following publication of the original article [1], the author noticed that the text in acknowledgements was copied again into authors contributions.

The correct text in acknowledgements and authors contributions are provided below, and the original article has been corrected.

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Author contributions

FAA designed and supervised the study, AOO carried out all the experimental work and analyzed the results, AOO wrote the manuscript and FAA revised the manuscript. OOA participated in the design and analysis of animal studies. All authors contributed to the review of the manuscript and approved the submitted version.

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References

1. Obisesan AO, Abiodun OO, Ayeni FA. Lactic acid bacteria isolated from women' breast milk and infants' faeces have appreciable immunogenic and probiotic potentials against diarrheagenic *E. Coli* strains. *BMC Microbiol.* 2024;24:350. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12866-024-03502-2>.

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